

#### SM21 HYDRAULIC SUMP PUMP



USER MANUAL Safety, Operation and Maintenance



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#### **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY ÜBEREINSTIMMUNGS-ERKLARUNG DECLARATION DE CONFORMITE CEE DECLARACION DE CONFORMIDAD DICHIARAZIONE DI CONFORMITA

#### Weisbeck, Andy

Surname and First names/Familiennname und Vornamen/Nom et prénom/Nombre y apellido/Cognome e nome

hereby declare that the equipment specified hereunder: bestätige hiermit, daß erklaren Produkt genannten Werk oder Gerät: déclare que l'équipement visé ci-dessous: Por la presente declaro que el equipo se especifica a continuación: Dichiaro che le apparecchiature specificate di seguito:

1.	Category:
	Kategorie:
	Catégorie:
	Categoria:
	Categoria:

2.

I, the undersigned:

El abajo firmante: lo sottoscritto:

Je soussigné:

Ich, der Unterzeichnende:

#### Submersible Pump, Hydraulic

Make/Marke/Marque/Marca/Marca Stanley

3. Type/Typ/Type/Tipo/Tipo:

SM2151101

All

 Serial number of equipment: Seriennummer des Geräts: Numéro de série de l'équipement: Numero de serie del equipo: Matricola dell'attrezzatura:

Has been manufactured in conformity with Wurde hergestellt in Übereinstimmung mit Est fabriqué conformément Ha sido fabricado de acuerdo con E' stata costruita in conformitá con

Directive/Standards	No.	Approved body
Richtlinie/Standards	Nr	Prüfung durch
Directives/Normes	Numéro	Organisme agréé
Directriz/Los Normas	No	Aprobado
Direttiva/Norme	n.	Collaudato
EN	809:1998+A1:2009	Self
Machinery Directive	2006/42/EC:2006	Self

5. Special Provisions: **None** Spezielle Bestimmungen: Dispositions particulières: Provisiones especiales: Disposizioni speciali:

6. Representative in the Union: Patrick Vervier, Stanley Dubuis 17-19, rue Jules Berthonneau-BP 3406 41034 Blois Cedex, France. Vertreter in der Union/Représentant dans l'union/Representante en la Union/Rappresentante presso l'Unione

Done at/Ort/Fait à/Dado en/Fatto a <u>Stanley Hydraulic Tools, Milwaukie, Oregon USA</u> Date/Datum/le/Fecha/Data 1-5-11

Signature/Unterschrift/Signature/Firma/Firma	Andy Weish
Position/Position/Fonction/Cargo/Posizione	Director of Product Development

Test Report #7072016SM21



STANLEY.

**Hvdraulic Tools** 

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#### IMPORTANT

#### To fill out a product warranty validation form, and for information on your warranty, visit www.stanleyinfrastructure.com and select the Company tab > Warranty.

Note: The warranty validation record must be submitted to validate the warranty.

**SERVICING:** This manual contains safety, operation and routine maintenance instructions. STANLEY Infrastructure recommends that servicing of hydraulic tools, other than routine maintenance, must be performed by an authorized and certified dealer. Please read the following warning.

#### **A**WARNING

#### SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH COULD RESULT FROM THE IMPROPER REPAIR OR SERVICE OF THIS TOOL.

REPAIRS AND / OR SERVICE TO THIS TOOL MUST ONLY BE DONE BY AN AUTHORIZED AND CERTIFIED DEALER.

For the nearest certified dealer, call STANLEY Infrastructure at (503) 659-5660 and ask for a Customer Service Representative.



#### **SAFETY SYMBOLS**

Safety symbols and signal words, as shown below, are used to emphasize all operator, maintenance and repair actions which, if not strictly followed, could result in a life-threatening situation, bodily injury or damage to equipment.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

This safety alert and signal word indicate an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, <u>will</u> result in <u>death or serious injury</u>.

This safety alert and signal word indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, <u>could</u> result in <u>death or serious injury</u>.

This safety alert and signal word indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, <u>could</u> result in <u>death or serious injury</u>.

This signal word indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, <u>may</u> result in <u>property damage</u>.

This signal word indicates a situation which, if not avoided, <u>will</u> result in <u>damage</u> to the equipment.

This signal word indicates a situation which, if not avoided, <u>may</u> result in <u>damage</u> to the equipment.

Always observe safety symbols. They are included for your safety and for the protection of the tool.

#### LOCAL SAFETY REGULATIONS

Enter any local safety regulations here. Keep these instructions in an area accessible to the operator and maintenance personnel.

#### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

Tool operators and maintenance personnel must always comply with the safety precautions given in this manual and on the stickers and tags attached to the tool and hose.

These safety precautions are given for your safety. Review them carefully before operating the tool and before performing general maintenance or repairs.

Supervising personnel should develop additional precautions relating to the specific work area and local safety regulations. If so, place the added precautions in the space provided in this manual.

The models SM21 Hydraulic Pump will provide safe and dependable service if operated in accordance with the instructions given in this manual. Read and understand this manual and any stickers and tags attached to the pump and hoses before operation. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.



- Operator must start in a work area without bystanders. The operator must be familiar with all prohibited work areas such as excessive slopes and dangerous terrain conditions.
- Establish a training program for all operators to ensure safe operations.
- Do not operate the tool unless thoroughly trained or under the supervision of an instructor.
- Always wear safety equipment such as goggles, head protection, and safety shoes at all times when operating the tool.
- Do not inspect or clean the tool while the hydraulic power source is connected. Accidental engagement of the tool can cause serious injury.
- Do not operate this tool without first reading the Operation section.
- Do not install or remove this tool while the hydraulic power source is connected. Accidental engagement of the tool can cause serious injury.
- Never operate the tool near energized transmission lines. Know the location of buried or covered services before starting work.
- Do not wear loose fitting clothing when operating the tool. Loose fitting clothing can get entangled with the tool and cause serious injury.

- Supply hoses must have a minimum working pressure rating of 2500 psi/175 bar.
- Be sure all hose connections are tight.
- The hydraulic circuit control valve must be in the "OFF" position when coupling or uncoupling the tool. Wipe all couplers clean before connecting. Failure to do so may result in damage to the quick couplers and cause overheating. Use only lint-free cloths.
- Do not operate the tool at oil temperatures above 140 °F/60 °C. Operation at higher oil temperatures can cause operator discomfort and may cause damage to the tool.
- Do not operate a damaged, improperly adjusted, or incompletely assembled tool.
- Do not put hand under volute while the pump is running.
- To avoid personal injury or equipment damage, all tool repair, maintenance and service must only be performed by authorized and properly trained personnel.
- Do not exceed the rated limits of the tool or use the tool for applications beyond its design capacity.
- Always keep critical tool markings, such as labels and warning stickers legible.
- Always replace parts with replacement parts recommended by STANLEY.
- Check fastener tightness often and before each use daily.
- Do not point water discharge at bystanders.

#### **TOOL STICKERS & TAGS**



11207 Circuit Type D Sticker



28788 Manual Sticker

TG3

STANLEY.	Stanley Hydraulic Tools 3810 SE Naef Rd Milwaukie, Oregon 97267 U.S.A.
Model No. SM21	15-34 lpm/4-9 gpm 172 bar/2500 psi

74763 Name Tag

DANGER

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR THIS

TOOL BEFORE USING IT.

USE ONLY PARTS AND REPAIR PROCEDURES APPROVED BY STANLEY AND DESCRIBED IN THE OPERATION MANUAL.

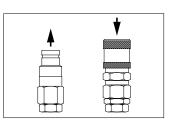
TAG TO BE REMOVED ONLY BY

TOOL OPERATOR.

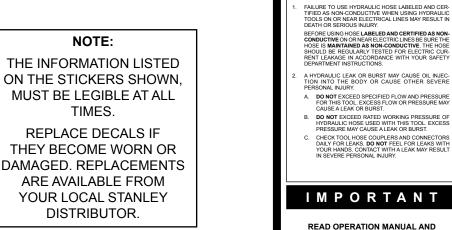
SEE OTHER SIDE



28322 CE Sticker (CE Only)



28786 Coupler Sticker



The safety tag (P/N 15875) at right is attached to the tool when shipped from the factory. Read and understand the safety instructions listed on this tag before removal. We suggest you retain this tag and attach it to the tool when not in use.

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**STANLEY** 

SAFETY TAG P/N 15875 (Shown smaller then actual size)

#### DANGER

#### **HOSE TYPES**

The rated working pressure of the hydraulic hose must be equal to or higher than the relief valve setting on the hydraulic system. There are three types of hydraulic hose that meet this requirement and are authorized for use with STANLEY hydraulic tools. They are:

**Certified non-conductive** — constructed of thermoplastic or synthetic rubber inner tube, synthetic fiber braid reinforcement, and weather resistant thermoplastic or synthetic rubber cover. *Hose labeled certified non-conductive is the only hose authorized for use near electrical conductors.* 

**Wire-braided** (conductive) — constructed of synthetic rubber inner tube, single or double wire braid reinforcement, and weather resistant synthetic rubber cover. *This hose is conductive and must never be used near electrical conductors.* 

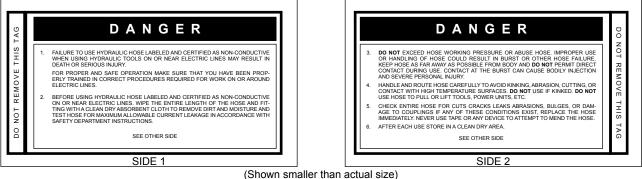
**Fabric-braided** (not certified or labeled non-conductive) — constructed of thermoplastic or synthetic rubber inner tube, synthetic fiber braid reinforcement, and weather resistant thermoplastic or synthetic rubber cover. *This hose is* **not** certified **non-conductive** and must never be used near electrical conductors.

#### HOSE SAFETY TAGS

To help ensure your safety, the following DANGER tags are attached to all hose purchased from STANLEY. DO NOT REMOVE THESE TAGS.

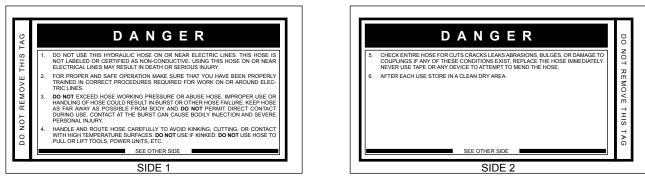
If the information on a tag is illegible because of wear or damage, replace the tag immediately. A new tag may be obtained from your STANLEY Distributor.

#### THE TAG SHOWN BELOW IS ATTACHED TO "CERTIFIED NON-CONDUCTIVE" HOSE



(Shown shaller than actual size)

#### THE TAG SHOWN BELOW IS ATTACHED TO "CONDUCTIVE" HOSE.



(Shown smaller than actual size)

g Pressure	BAR		155	ORS	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175
Min. Working Pressure	ISd	Trucks	2250	AL CONDUCT	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500
USE	(Press/Return)	Certified Non-Conductive Hose - Fiber Braid - for Utility Bucket Trucks	Both	Conductive Hose - Wire Braid or Fiber Braid -DO NOT USE NEAR ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS	Both	Both	Both	Both	Pressure	Return	Both	Pressure	Return	Pressure	Return	Pressure	Return	Pressure	Return
Inside Diameter	MM	r Braid - for I	10	<b>VOT USE NE</b>	10	13	13	16	16	19	16	16	19	19	25.4	16	19	19	25.4
Inside D	INCH	Hose - Fibel	3/8	Braid -DO	3/8	1/2	1/2	8/9	2/8	3/4	5/8	5/8	3/4	3/4	Ļ	2/8	3/4	3/4	<del>.</del>
Hose Lengths	METERS	n-Conductive	up to 3	Braid or Fiber	up to 7.5	7.5-30	up to 15	15-30		06-00	up to 15	15 20	00-01	20 60	00-00	0 40 0	o ni dh	000	00-0
Hose L	FEET	Certified No	up to 10	e Hose - Wire	up to 25	26-100	up to 50	51-100		000-001	up to 50	100	001-10		002-001	10 10 05	cz oj dn	76 100	001-02
Oil Flow	LPM		15-34	Conductiv	15-23	15-23	19-40	19-40	07 07	18-40	38-49	01 00	00-43	01 00	00-4-00	10 60	43-00	10 60	49-00
Oil F	MGD		6-4		4-6	4-6	5-10.5	5-10.5	2012	0.01-0	10-13	0 7 O 7	2-01	0 7 O 7	2-0-	31 61	2-0-	1010	2
	ended hose 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6																		

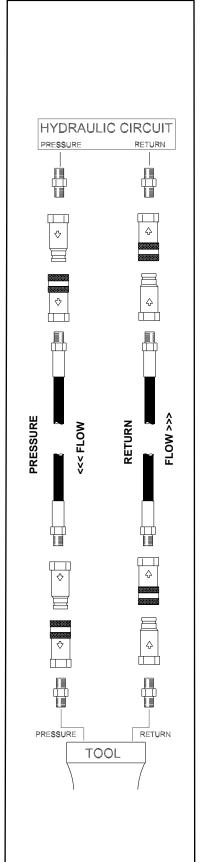
## Tool to Hydraulic Circuit Hose Recommendations

The chart to the right shows recommender minimum hose diameters for various hos lengths based on gallons per minute (gpm) liters per minute (lpm). These recommenda tions are intended to keep return line pressur (back pressure) to a minimum acceptable lev el to ensure maximum tool performance.

This chart is intended to be used for hydrau lic tool applications only based on STANLE tool operating requirements and should not b used for any other applications.

All hydraulic hose must have at least a rated minimum working pressure equal to the maximum hydraulic system relief valve setting.

# All hydraulic hose must meet or exceed specifications as set forth by SAE J517.



## Figure 1. Typical Hose Connections

#### **HOSE RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### HTMA / EHTMA REQUIREMENTS

pm 7-9 3 lpm) (26- psi 150 bar) (103 -2250 psi 210 155 bar) (145 rsi 250 ar) (17 su* 400 entistokes) (82 F 140 C) (60°	gpm 934   -34 lpm) (34   00 psi 15   3 bar) (10   00-2250 psi 22   5-155 bar) (11   0 psi 25   bar) (11   0 psi 25   bar) (11   0 ssu* 40   centistokes) (82   0° F 14   ° C) (60	10.5 gpm 4-40 lpm) 500 psi 03 bar) 200-2300 psi 52-159 bar) 50 psi 7 bar) 10 ssu* 2 centistokes) 50° F 0° C)	TYPE III   11-13 gpm   (42-49 lpm)   1500 psi   (103 bar)   2100-2250 psi   (145-155 bar)   250 psi   (17 bar)   400 ssu*   (82 centistokes)   140° F   (60° C)
3 lpm) (26-psi   psi 150   bar) (103   -2250 psi 210   155 bar) (145   vsi 250   ar) (17   su* 400   entistokes) (82   F 140   C) (60°	-34 lpm) (34 00 psi 15 3 bar) (10 00-2250 psi 22 5-155 bar) (15 0 psi 25 bar) (17 0 psi 25 bar) (17 0 ssu* 40 centistokes) (82 0° F 14 ° C) (60	4-40 lpm) 500 psi 503 bar) 200-2300 psi 52-159 bar) 50 psi 7 bar) 10 ssu* 2 centistokes) 50° F 0° C)	(42-49 lpm) 1500 psi (103 bar) 2100-2250 psi (145-155 bar) 250 psi (17 bar) 400 ssu* (82 centistokes) 140° F (60° C)
bar) (103 -2250 psi 210 155 bar) (145 	3 bar) (10 00-2250 psi 22 5-155 bar) (19 0 psi 25 bar) (17 0 ssu* 40 centistokes) (82 0° F 14 ° C) (60	03 bar) 200-2300 psi 52-159 bar) 50 psi 7 bar) 10 ssu* 2 centistokes) 10° F 0° C)	(103 bar) 2100-2250 psi (145-155 bar) 250 psi (17 bar) 400 ssu* (82 centistokes 140° F (60° C)
155 bar) (145 si 250 ar) (17 su* 400 entistokes) (82 F 140 C) (60°	5-155 bar) (19 ) psi 25 bar) (17 ) ssu* 40 centistokes) (82 )° F 14 ° C) (60	52-159 bar) 50 psi 7 bar) 90 ssu* 2 centistokes) 90° F 90° C)	(145-155 bar) 250 psi (17 bar) 400 ssu* (82 centistokes 140° F (60° C)
ar) (17 su* 400 entistokes) (82 F 140 C) (60° 5 hp	bar) (17 0 ssu* 40 centistokes) (82 0° F 14 ° C) (60	7 bar) 10 ssu* 2 centistokes) 10° F 0° C)	(17 bar) 400 ssu* (82 centistokes) 140° F (60° C)
entistokes) (82 F 140 C) (60° 5 hp	centistokes) (82)   0° F 14   ° C) (60)	2 centistokes) 0° F 0° C)	(82 centistokes) 140° F (60° C)
C) (60° 5 hr	°C) (60	0° C)	(60° C)
	p 61	hn	
40° C) (22° Operation at highe	F 40	.22 kW) )° F 2° C)	7 hp (4.47 kW) 40° F (22° C) ator
om 30 g	gpm 30	) gpm	25 microns 30 gpm (114 lpm)
		00-400 ssu*	100-400 ssu*
c I	om 30 Ipm) (11 400 ssu* 100	om 30 gpm 30 lpm) (114 lpm) (1	om 30 gpm 30 gpm lpm) (114 lpm) (114 lpm) 400 ssu* 100-400 ssu* 100-400 ssu*

When choosing hydraulic fluid, the expected oil temperature extremes that will be experienced in service determine the most suitable temperature viscosity characteristics. Hydraulic fluids with a viscosity index over 140 will meet the requirements over a wide range of operating temperatures.

\*SSU = Saybolt Seconds Universal

EHTMA	CLASSIFICATION								
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	B ISLam of 138bar EHRAA CATEBORY	20Lpm at 138bar EHTMA CATEGORY	JOLpm at 138bor EHTMA CATEGORY	E 40Lpm at 138bar EHTIJA CATEGOORY	F 50Lpm at 138bor EHTMA CATEGORY				
Flow Range	3.5-4.3 gpm (13.5-16.5 lpm)	4.7-5.8 gpm (18-22 lpm)	7.1-8.7 gpm (27-33 lpm)	9.5-11.6 gpm (36-44 lpm)	11.8-14.5 gpm (45-55 lpm)				
Nominal Operating Pressure	1870 psi	1500 psi	1500 psi	1500 psi	1500 psi				
(at the power supply outlet)	(129 bar)	(103 bar)	(103 bar)	(103 bar)	(103 bar)				
System relief valve setting (at the power supply outlet)	2495 psi (172 bar)	2000 psi (138 bar)	2000 psi (138 bar)	2000 psi (138 bar)	2000 psi (138 bar)				

NOTE: These are general hydraulic system requirements. See tool specification page for tool specific requirements.



#### **OPERATION**

#### **PREOPERATION PROCEDURES**

#### CHECK POWER SOURCE

- 1. Using a calibrated flow meter and pressure gauge, make sure the hydraulic power source develops a flow of 4-9 gpm/15-34 lpm at 1500-2000 psi/105-140 bar.
- 2. Make certain that the power source is equipped with a relief valve set to open at 2100-2250 psi/145-155 bar maximum.
- 3. Make certain that the power source return pressure does not exceed 250 psi/17 bar.
- 4. Make sure the pump inlet screen is clear of debris and the outlet hose is clean. Remove any obstruction before operating. Refer to PUMP CLEANING PROCEDURES.

#### **CONNECT HOSES**

- 1. Wipe all hose couplers with a clean lint free cloth before making connections.
- Connect the hoses from the hydraulic power source to the couplers on the sump pump or sump pump hoses. It is a good practice to connect return hose first and disconnect it last to minimize or avoid trapped pressure within the trash pump motor.

#### NOTE:

If uncoupled hoses are left in the sun, pressure increase inside the hoses might make them difficult to connect. Whenever possible, connect the free ends of the hoses together.

3. Observe the arrow on the couplers to ensure that the flow is in the proper direction. The female coupler on the sump pump is the inlet (pressure) coupler.

#### **PUMP OPERATION**

1. Observe all safety precautions.

#### NOTE:

The SM21 is not designed for use with a suction pipe inlet. The diameter of the suction screen at the bottom of the pump provides maximum pump efficiency. Reducing the size of this inlet will greatly reduce pump performance.

- 2. Connect a hose fitted with a 2-1/2 inch/63.5 mm male pipe end to the pump outlet fitting. Make sure the fitting is securely tightened. For best performance, keep the hose as short as possible and lay it out to avoid sharp bends or kinks.
- 3. Lower the pump into the liquid to be pumped. Locate the outlet end of the discharge hose to disperse the liquid as required. Remove any kinks from the hose

to assure maximum water flow.

#### IMPORTANT

Never point the hose at bystanders.

4. Turn on the hydraulic power source. Watch for solids in the liquid being pumped. If solids are excessive, the discharge flow might decrease. If this happens, stop the pump and check for the cause of the problem.

Under some conditions, the liquid being pumped might be slowed enough so It can no longer push particles in the liquid. If this happens, particles can accumulate in the hose and backup the pumping chamber, causing further restriction. The impeller then acts as a "grinding wheel" which causes accelerated pump wear. Reduced liquid flow can be caused by the following:

- a. The pump sinks into solids at the bottom of the hole.
- b. The end of the outlet hose is too high, causing an excessive lift height for the column of liquid being pushed by the sump pump. This slows the flow of liquid to a level where it can no longer carry solids out the end of the hose.
- c. The flow and pressure of hydraulic fluid to the pump is too low, which reduces impeller speed. A 20% decrease in hydraulic fluid flow can reduce pump performance by 50%. When operating at reduced hydraulic flow and pressure, the end of the outlet hose should not be more than 40 ft/12 m above the liquid.
- 5. When pumping is complete, set the hydraulic control valve to the "OFF" position. Lift the pump from the work area.

#### NOTE:

Always keep water speed as fast as possible during operation. This helps to pump solids through the hose and keeps the pump clean for longer life.

#### **COLD WEATHER OPERATION**

If the sump pump is to be used during cold weather, preheat the hydraulic fluid at low power source speed. When using the normally recommended fluids, fluid should be at or above 50  $^{\circ}$ F/10  $^{\circ}$ C (400 ssu/82 centistokes) before use.

Damage to the hydraulic system or pump motor seals



#### **OPERATION**

can result from use with fluid that is too viscous or thick.

#### MAINTENANCE

#### **CLEANING THE PUMPING CHAMBER**

Debris such as weeds, sand and other solids may become trapped in the water hose and pumping chamber. This can reduce pump performance. It is important that the pumping chamber be kept clean at all times. The chamber can be cleaned as follows:

- 1. Remove motor and impeller by removing the seven 5/16 -18 capscrews (item 14).
- 2. Thoroughly clean the volute and impeller. Do not remove the impeller unless necessary for repair or replacement or to remove trapped debris.
- 3. Remove all debris from the pump screen by removing the four 5/16 -18 capscrews (item 18).
- 4. Assemble the motor and impeller to the volute. Clean the capscrews and lubricate the threads with underwater grease before installation.
- 5. Remove all debris from the hose. Otherwise, solids will backfill the pump.

#### **TOOL PROTECTION & CARE**

#### NOTICE

In addition to the Safety Precautions found in this manual, observe the following for equipment protection and care.

- Make sure all couplers are wiped clean before connection.
- The hydraulic circuit control valve must be in the "OFF" position when coupling or uncoupling hydraulic tools. Failure to do so may result in damage to the quick couplers and cause overheating of the hydraulic system.
- Always store the tool in a clean dry space, safe from damage or pilferage.
- Make sure the circuit PRESSURE hose (with male quick disconnect) is connected to the "IN" port. The circuit RETURN hose (with female quick disconnect) is connected to the opposite port. Do not reverse circuit flow. This can cause damage to internal seals.
- Always replace hoses, couplings and other parts with replacement parts recommended by STANLEY. Supply hoses must have a minimum working pressure rating of 2500 psi/172 bar.
- Do not exceed the rated flow or pressure. Refer to the Specifications in this manual for correct flow rate and pressure. If specifications are exceeded, rapid failure of the internal seals may result.

- Always keep critical tool markings, such as warning stickers and tags legible.
- Do not use the tool for applications it was not designed for.
- Tool repair should be performed by experienced personnel only.
- Make certain that the recommended relief valves are installed in the pressure side of the system.
- Do not use the tool for applications for which it was not intended.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

If symptoms of poor performance develop, the following chart can be used as a guide to correct the problem.

When diagnosing faults in operation, always make sure the hydraulic power source is supplying the correct hydraulic flow and pressure as listed in the table. Use a flowmeter know to be accurate. Check the flow with the hydraulic fluid temperature at least 80 °F/27 °C.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Pump will not start.	No hydraulic fluid flow or pressure.	Turn on power unit and check that 4–9 gpm/15–34 lpm at 1500–2000 psi/105–140 bar is available at the pump.
	Defective couplers.	Check the couplers. Replace if necessary.
	Impeller jammed with debris.	Clean the pumping chamber as described in the Maintenance section in this manual.
	Impeller rubbing against wear plates.	Check and adjust the impeller clearance as described in the Service Manual.
	Defective hydraulic motor.	Repair or replace motor.
Poor pump performance.	Hydraulic flow reversed.	Check that the hoses are correctly connected to the pump motor ports. The female coupler should be connected to the "IN" port. The return fluid must never flow through a reversing valve.
	Improper hydraulic fluid flow.	Check that 4–9 gpm/15–34 lpm at 1000–2000 psi/70–140 bar is available at the trash pump. A 20% decrease in flow can result in a 50% decrease in pump performance.
	Pump submersed in sediment.	Lift the pump from the bottom of the hole or chamber. Use a flat support under the pump if necessary.
	Trash pump inlet restricted.	Remove suction screen and thoroughly clean. Reassemble.
	Discharge hose kinked or restricted.	Straighten the hose. If the hose must bend at the top of the hole, use a piece of split rigid conduit with large diameter of the expanded hose. This keeps the hose from kinking.
	Discharge hose too small.	Use a 2-1/2 inch/63.5 mm diameter fire hose.
	Water lift too high.	Lower the outlet end of the discharge hose. Increase hydraulic flow (9 gpm/35 lpm max).
	Impeller worn or damaged.	Check impeller for damage and excessive wear. Replace if necessary.
	Pump not matched to application	Obtain higher capacity pump.
	Wear ring worn or damaged.	Check for wear ring damage or excessive wear. Replace if necessary.
	Hose used on suction side of pump.	Remove. Use no plumbing on suction side of pump.
	Excessive clearance between inlet bell bore and impeller blades.	Add small washers between the impeller and a larger washer just above those to reduce clearance within .030–.060 in./.76–1.5 mm.

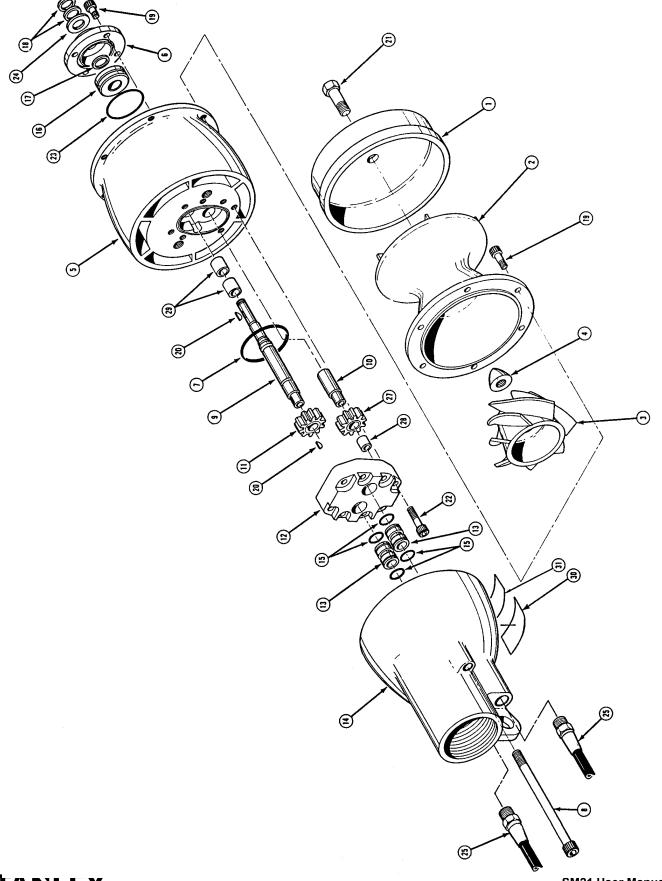
#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Capacity	
Weight	
Length	
Width	
Pressure	
Flow Range	
Porting	–6 SAE O-ring
Connect Size and Type	
Discharge Diameter	
Drop Through Diameter	6.5 in. / 16.5 cm
Outlet Hose Recommended	2.5 in. / 64 mm Fire Hose

#### ACCESSORIES

Description	Part No.
Fire Hose, 25 ft $\times$ 2-1/2 in. Diameter Hose with 3 in. Threaded Male & Female Ends Fire Hose, 50 ft $\times$ 2-1/2 in. Diameter Hose with 3 in. Threaded Male & Female Ends	
Fire Nozzle, 1 in Outlet with 3 in.Threaded Female End.	
Thread Adapter for Pump to Fire Hose, 2-1/2 in NPT Male End to Pump & 3 in Male Thread to Hose Note: This Threaded Adapter is needed to connect pump to fire hose.	05133
Spanner Wrench for Pin Lug Coupler	05135
Lay Flat Hose with Couplers, 25 ft $\times$ 3 in. Diameter Camlock Adapter 2-1/2 NPT $\times$ 3 in. Camlock	

#### **SM21 PARTS ILLUSTRATION**



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#### **SM21 PARTS LIST**

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	QTY	DESCRIPTION	
1	02430	1	PUMP SCREEN	
2	02431	1	INLET BELL	
3	02432	1	IMPELLER	
4	02433	1	CONICAL NUT	
5	06921	1	MAIN BODY HOUSING (INCLUDES ITEMS 10 & 29)	
6	02435	1	SEAL BODY	
7	00178	1	O-RING	
8	02555	2	CAPSCREW	
9	06922	1	PUMP SHAFT	
10	06917	1	IDLER SHAFT	
11	02440	1	GEAR	
12	02441	1	MOTOR END PLATE	
13	02442	2	OIL TUBE	
14	02443	1	OUTLET CONE	
15	00016	4	O-RING	
16	02444	1	THRUST BEARING	
17	02445	1	QUAD RING	
18	01204	1	WASHER (* NOTE QUANTITY WHEN DISASSEMBLING TOOL)	
19	02446	10	CAPSCREW	
20	02447	2	KEY, WOODRUFF #403	
21	02448	1	CAPSCREW	
22	02449	8	CAPSCREW	
23	00020	1	O-RING	
24	29853	1	WASHER	
25	01412	2	PIGTAIL HOSE ASSEMBLY	
TG1	11207	1	CIRCUIT TYPE D STICKER •	
27	06919	1	IDLER GEAR ASSY (INCL ITEM 28)	
28	05207	1	BUSHING	
29	06916	2	BUSHING	
TG2	28322	1	CE STICKER (CE ONLY) •	
30	28786	1	COUPLER STICKER •	
31	28788	1	MANUAL STICKER •	
TG3	74763	1	NAME TAG SM21 (CE ONLY) •	
KT1	03971	1	FF COUPLER SET 3/8 BODY 3/8 NPT	
SK1	03081	1	SEAL KIT (INCLUDES ITEMS 7, 15, 17 & 23)	

• Not shown in parts illustration.

#### **UNDERWATER TOOLS DEPTH GUIDELINE**

#### UNDERWATER MODELS ONLY

#### **A**CAUTION

DO NOT USE HYDRAULIC TOOLS UNDER-WATER THAT ARE NOT DESIGNATED AS AN "UNDERWATER" MODEL, OR THIS WILL RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE TOOL.

For underwater hydraulic tools the applications are broken down into four quadrants depending on type of tool and method of operation.

The types of tools are percussive and rotational, each with different characteristics allowing for different depth operation. With percussive tools, the nitrogen accumulator PSI must counter the increase in ambient pressure found at lower depths. Since there is a maximum PSI for percussive tools they are limited to certain depths. Rotational tools do not have accumulators and thus capable of deeper depths.

The methods are broken into diver operated or remote operated vehicle (ROV). ROV's can reach lower depths and with an on-board hydraulic power source that is depth compensated, can operate hydraulic tools at depths of thousands of feet. ROV operation is still limited to the tool, for example a percussive tool has the same depth limitation whether ROV or diver operated.



#### **Operation Overview**

	Percussive	Rotational
Diver	Tools: Breakers, Hammer Drills and Chipping Hammers Max Depth: 500' - limitations due to accumulator PSI max (increase 40 PSI for every 100')	Tools: Grinders, Saws, Chain Saws Max Depth: 1000' - Reference hose sizing guide below
ROV	Tools: Breakers, Hammer Drills and Chipping Hammers Max Depth: 500' - limitations due to accumulator PSI max (increase 40 PSI for every 100')	Tools: Grinders, Saws, Chain Saws Max Depth: 1000' - Reference hose sizing guide below

#### **Recommended Hose Diameters**

Depth (ft)	8 GPM	12 GPM
100	5/8"	5/8"
300	3/4"	1"
600	1"	1"
1000	1"	1-1/4"



### **STANLEY**<sub>®</sub>

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